



WERELDWIJD PRIVACYNIEUWS
VAN DPO CENTRE

The DPIA is een beoordeling van de impact van de belangrijkste en bekendste kwesties op het gebied van gegevensbescherming uit de hele wereld. Het is niet het volledige verhaal, maar slechts een snelle samenvatting van 3 minuten, verzameld en samengevat om u op de hoogte te houden van het laatste nieuws in onze steeds veranderende branche.

How to apply the GDPR to historic records

The GDPR applies to all personal data of EU and UK residents, regardless of when it was originally collected. Understanding what data your organisation holds is a crucial step in ensuring GDPR compliance.

In this blog, we help you understand your data landscape and how to update your retention schedule to reflect your business needs.

[Read our blog here](#)

EUROPEAN UNION

Privacy group noyb granted Qualified Entity status

The privacy advocacy group, *noyb* (None of Your Business), founded by Max Schrems in 2018, has been approved as a 'Qualified Entity' (QE) to bring collective redress actions across the European Union. Under the Directive (EU) 2020/1828, *noyb* can prohibit organisations from engaging in illegal practices and file class action lawsuits on behalf of consumers for data protection violations.

This development is a significant step forward in consumer protection. With the ability to initiate collective actions, *noyb* can more effectively hold companies accountable for GDPR violations, leading to better enforcement of data protection laws and greater compliance from companies to avoid large-scale financial penalties.

[Read Max Schrem's statement and more about noyb's QE status](#)

WhatsApp takes €225M GDPR battle to CJEU

On 26 November 2024, WhatsApp appealed to the Court of Justice of the European Union (CJEU) against a €225 million fine issued by Ireland's Data Protection Commission (DPC). The fine was initially issued in 2021 for privacy breaches but was increased following an investigation by the European Data Protection Board (EDPB), which found a lack of transparency in how WhatsApp shared personal information.

To ensure transparency, organisations must present information in a concise and easily accessible way, using clear and plain language. This information must be provided in writing and free of charge.

[Read the EDPB's guidance on transparency.](#)

Dutch NCSC publishes updated Cybersecurity Act guide

The Dutch National Cyber Security Agency (NCSC) has published an updated guide on the Cybersecurity Act, aiming to help organisations understand their responsibilities under the upcoming legislation. The Act transposes the NIS2 Directive but has not yet passed into law.

The guide provides:

- Clarification on the scope of the Cybersecurity Act
- Obligations for in-scope organisations
- Detailed procedures for incident reporting
- Examples of 'essential', 'important' and 'critical' entities

[Read the guide](#)



**OVERWEEGT U HET
UITBESTEDEN VAN UW FG?
WIJ KUNNEN HELPEN**

Zorg voor gemoedsrust met een Functionaris voor Gegevensbescherming van DPO Centre:

- ✓ Zeer ervaren Functionarissen voor Gegevensbescherming
- ✓ Afgestemd op de behoeften van uw organisatie
- ✓ Pragmatisch, eenvoudig, oplossingsgericht advies

[ONTDEK MEER](#)

dpo centre*

UNITED KINGDOM

ICO publishes guidance on data sharing for fraud prevention

On 22 November 2024, the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) published guidance for organisations on sharing personal information to combat fraud. The guidance clarifies that data protection regulations do not prevent organisations from sharing personal information for legitimate purposes, such as fraud prevention. However, organisations should take additional steps to ensure compliance with their data protection obligations when doing so.

The steps include:

- Conducting a Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA)

- Establishing clear responsibilities for separate or joint data controllers
- Implementing data sharing agreements
- Identifying a valid lawful basis for sharing personal information

[Read the ICO's guidance](#)

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NORTH AMERICA

FTC takes action against false FRT claims

On 3 December 2024, the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) issued a proposed consent order against IntelliVision Technologies Corp. for making false claims about its facial recognition technology (FRT). An FTC investigation found IntelliVision had misled consumers on how the FRT was trained, its accuracy, and performance.

The proposed consent order will prohibit IntelliVision from making misrepresentations about:

- The accuracy or efficacy of its FRT
- The comparative performance of the technology with respect to individuals of different genders, ethnicities, and skin tones
- The accuracy or efficacy of the technology to detect spoofing

Our recent webinar, [On face value: Understanding the privacy risks of Live Facial Recognition \(LFR\)](#), examines the challenges of implementing FRT and explores some of the innovative solutions for successful deployment.

Ontario's Bill 194 receives Royal Assent

On 25 November 2024, the Strengthening Cyber Security and Building Trust in the Public Sector Act (2024) received Royal Assent at the Legislative Assembly in Ontario. Also

known as Bill 194, it creates new obligations for Ontario's public sector entities regarding privacy, cyber security, and the use of artificial intelligence.

Under Bill 194, organisations will need to:

- Develop and implement cyber security programmes
- Establish accountability frameworks when using AI systems
- Publish transparent information about their use of digital technologies and AI systems
- Notify the Commissioner and affected individuals of any data breaches, alongside an annual report
- Conduct privacy impact assessments before collecting personal information

[Read the Bill](#)

INTERNATIONAL

Australia passes Privacy and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024

On 29 November 2024, the Australian Government passed the Privacy and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024. The Bill aims to significantly strengthen Australian privacy laws and be adaptable to technological advancements.

Key provisions include:

- Requirement for transparency around automated decision-making in company privacy policies
- Greater enforcement powers for the OAIC, alongside civil penalties for privacy breaches
- Statutory tort for serious invasions of privacy
- Development of the Children's Online Privacy Code to enhance privacy protections for children in online environments
- Criminalisation of doxxing (releasing personal data without consent)

[Learn more about the Bill](#)

**OP ZOEK
NAAR EEN
FANTASTISCHE
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WERKEN?**

[KLIK HIER](#)



We are recruiting!

To support our ongoing requirement to continuously grow our remarkable and extraordinary **#ONETEAM**, we are seeking candidates for the following positions:

- **Data Protection Officers (The Netherlands)**
- **Data Protection Officer - Life Sciences (United Kingdom/The Netherlands)**
- **Data Protection Officers (United Kingdom)**
- **Data Privacy Officers (Canada)**
- **Data Protection Support Officers (United Kingdom)**
- **Copywriter (United Kingdom)**
- **Partnerships Account Manager (United Kingdom)**

If you are looking for a new and exciting challenge, [apply today!](#)

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